
Building a Satellite Ground Application From Reusable Components: Lessons Learned

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Presentation Outline

- Program background
- Aerospace “vertical slice” reuse analysis
- Lessons learned/Conclusions



Program Background

Control Channel Toolkit (CCT)

- Government is developing CCT as reusable software for satellite ground control applications
 - Provides common reference architecture based on well established, component-based design patterns, user tunable “variation points”, standards and Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)
 - Goal is lower program maintenance costs and reduced development risk



The Aerospace “Vertical Slice” Evaluation of CCT

- Aerospace tasked to perform independent assessment of CCT usability
- Developed “vertical slice” evaluation process
 - Determine applicability of CCT components to a specific reuser ground application
 - Drill down through “slice” of CCT artifacts relevant to the application
 - Artifacts include reuse guide (RUG), software development files (SDFs), etc.



“Vertical Slice” Evaluation

- Review CCT documentation and artifacts
- Build telemetry alarm application using CCT architecture and components



Evaluation: Document Review

- Reviewed relevant Contract Data Requirement List (CDRL) items
 - Including Reuse Guide, Test Architecture, and Domain Definition documents
- Received on-site training from contractor
- Developed baseline requirements and architecture for telemetry alarm capability
- Produced briefing with findings and sustainment phase recommendations

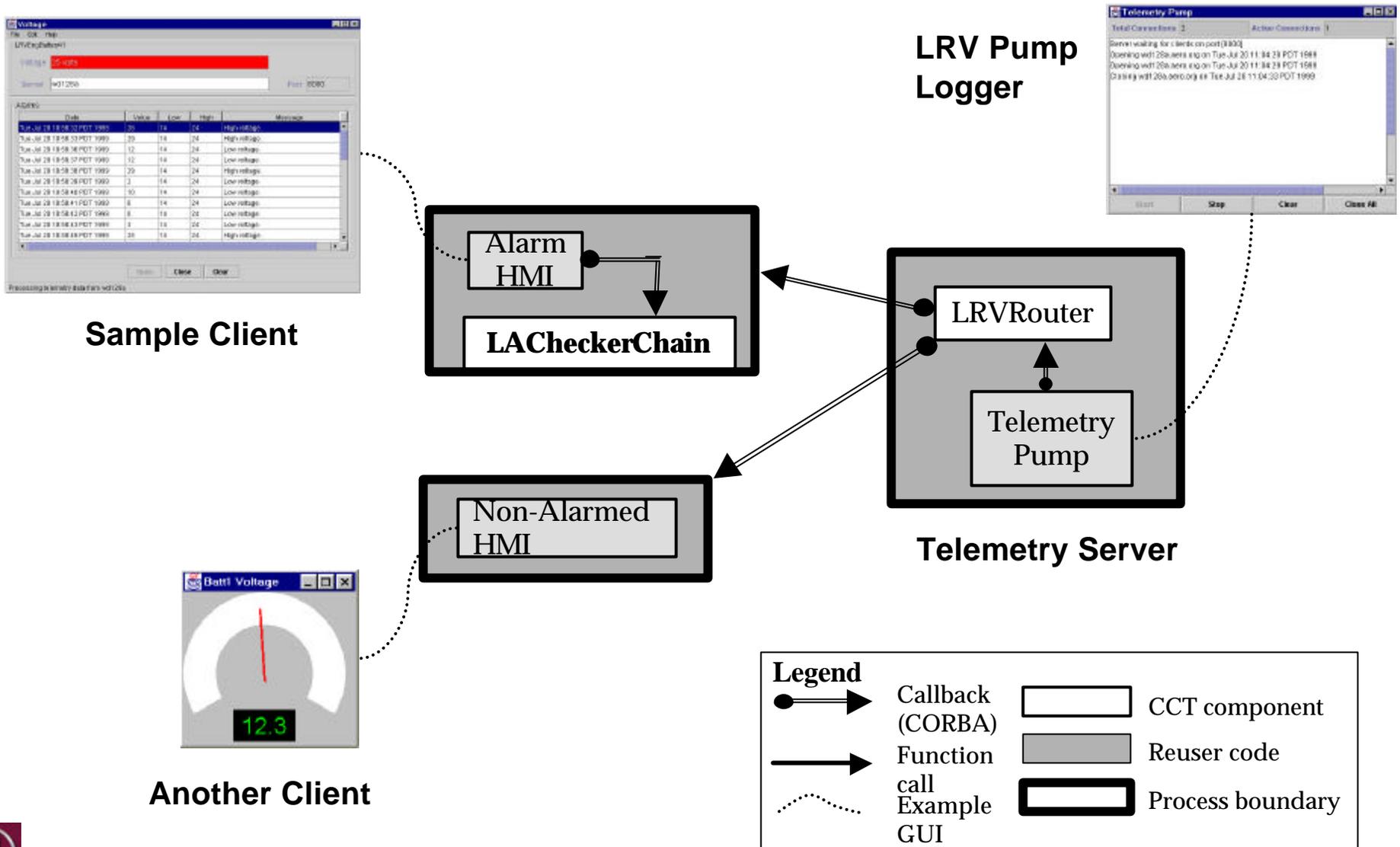


Evaluation: Application Build

- Built telemetry alarm capability specified in document review
 - Generated Last Received Values (LRVs) of telemetry
 - Registered interested clients with a telemetry router
 - Routed LRVs to registered clients
 - Performed limit alarm checking per client
- Documented, demonstrated and reported results to government



CCT Telemetry Alarm Demonstration: Architecture



Overall Impression of CCT

- Elegant, component-based architecture
- Complete domain coverage
- Flexibility through variation points



Lessons Learned/Conclusions

- CCT provided an excellent architectural base and implementation.
 - Concerns that contractor base may not be sophisticated enough to employ component based architecture.
- COTS management a major issue
- Working with ORB-based architecture requires a huge amount of knowledge and experience.
 - ORB vendor dependencies are a barrier to interORB portability. Tie-Impl pattern specifically employed to isolate these dependencies.

