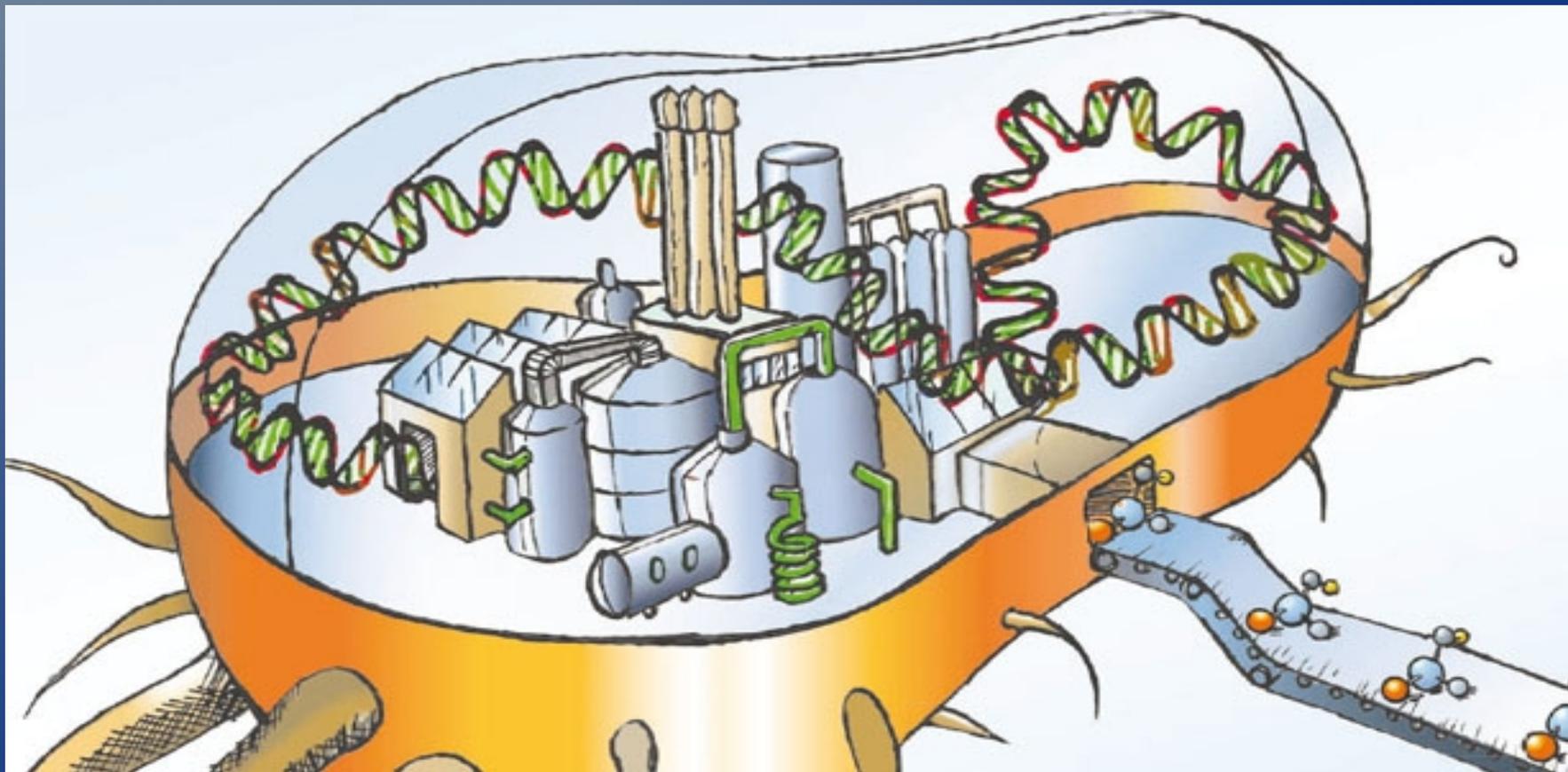
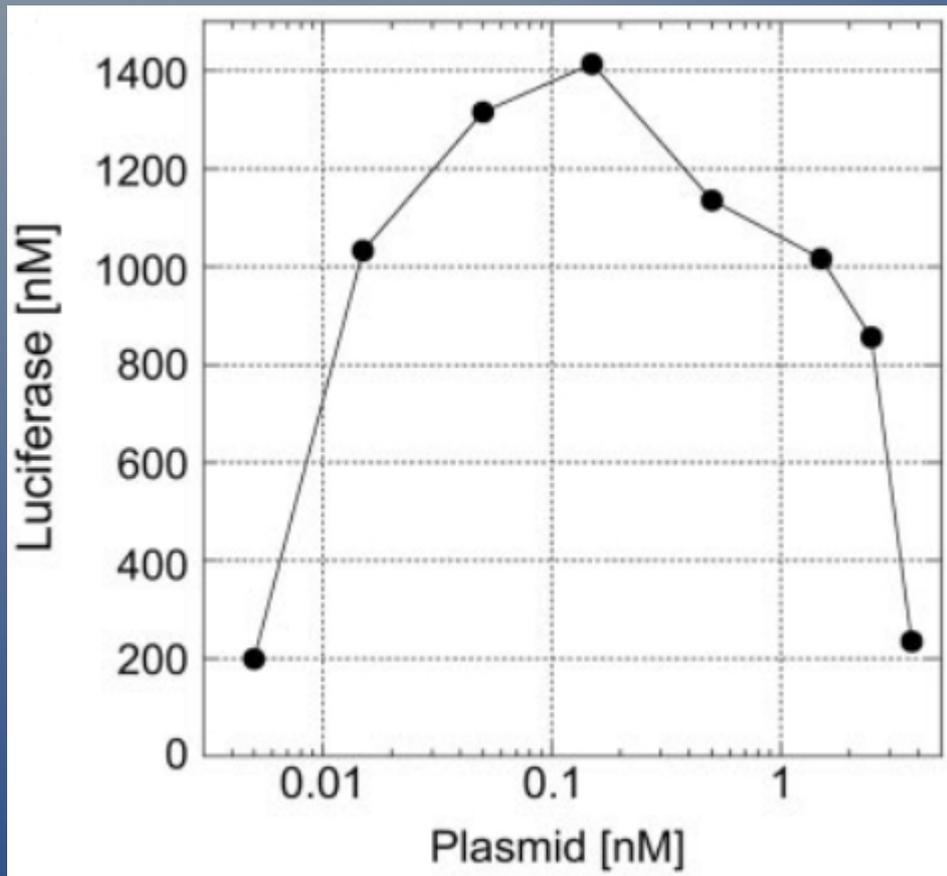


A vesicle bioreactor as a step toward an artificial cell assembly

Thomas Rind



1 Extract characterization



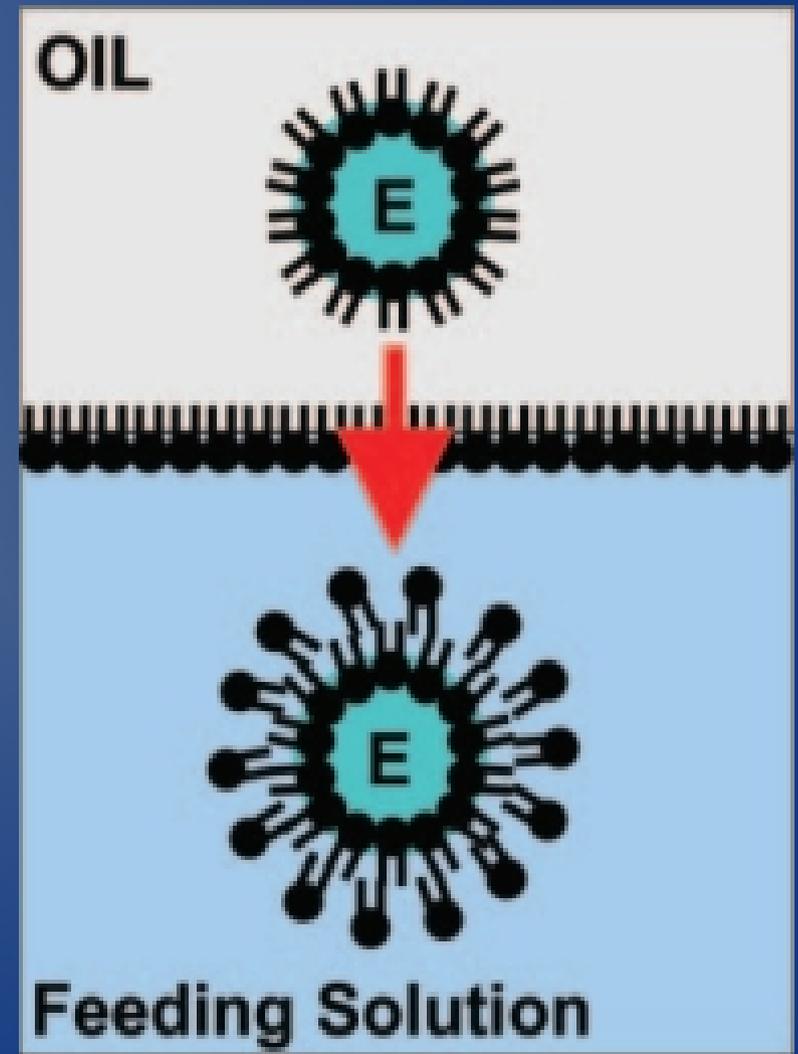
Expression with *E. Coli* extract in cell-free solution:

- *Firefly luciferase & eGFP as reporter proteins*
- *> 1nM: Saturation of translation machinery (probably)*
- *< 0.1 nM: plasmid expression not linear with template concentration*

→ *plasmid concentration for all experiments: 0.5 nM*

2 Encapsulation and expression

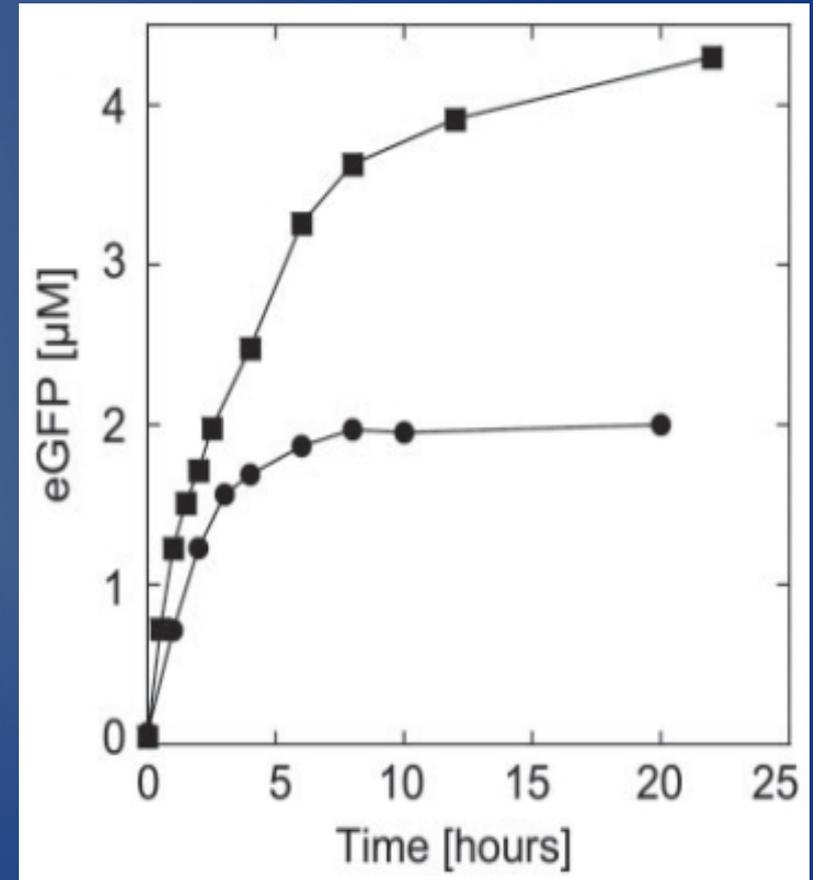
- Cytoplasmic extract:
 - 100 mg/mL protein
 - 50-100 mM salts
 - 10-20 mM ions
- Feeding solution:
 - ribonucleotides
 - amino acids
- Arrow = Centrifugation



2 Encapsulation and expression

Expression of eGFP inside a vesicle under different osmotic pressure:

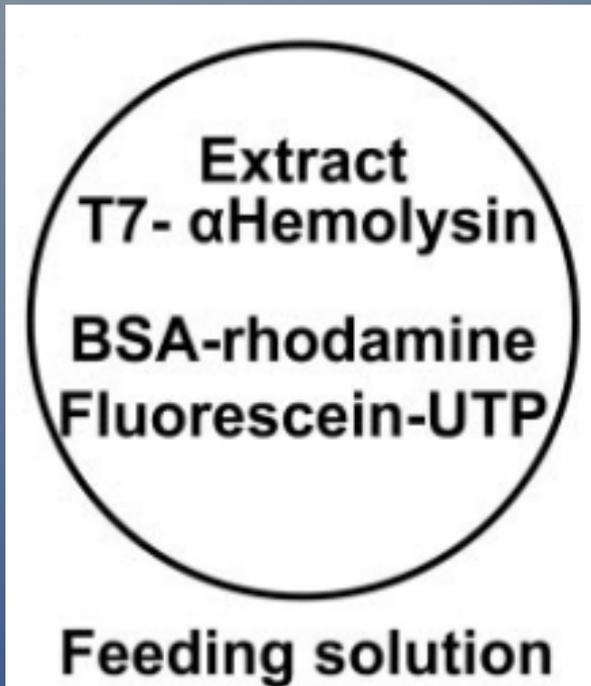
- 100% extract encapsulated, 100% feeding solution (squares)
 - 50% extract & 50% feeding encapsulated, feeding supplemented with 4% extract (circles)
- feeding supplemented with 4% extract (circles)



3 Membrane permeability

Expression of α -hemolysin toxin inside the vesicle:

- Vesicle contains:
 - α -Hemolysin (0.5 nM)
 - BSA protein (labeled) (6 μ M)
 - Ribonucleotide UTP (labeled) (35 μ M)

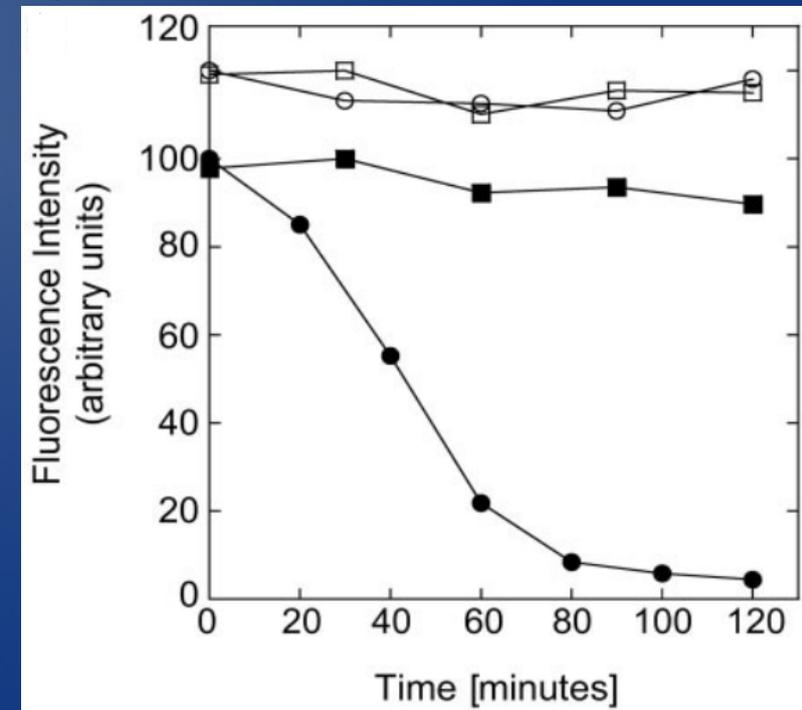
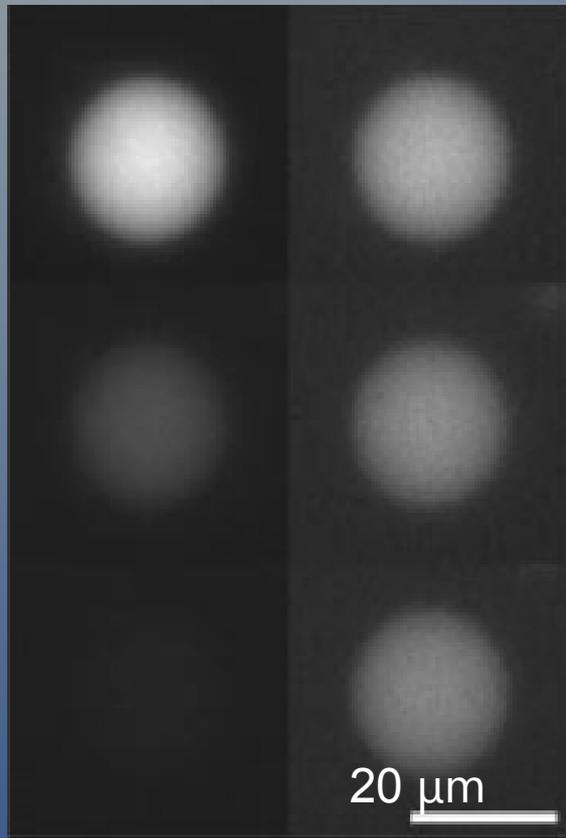


α -Hemolysin creates pores with a specific mass cut-off

3 Membrane permeability

Time sequence of vesicle fluorescence (10, 70, 120 min):

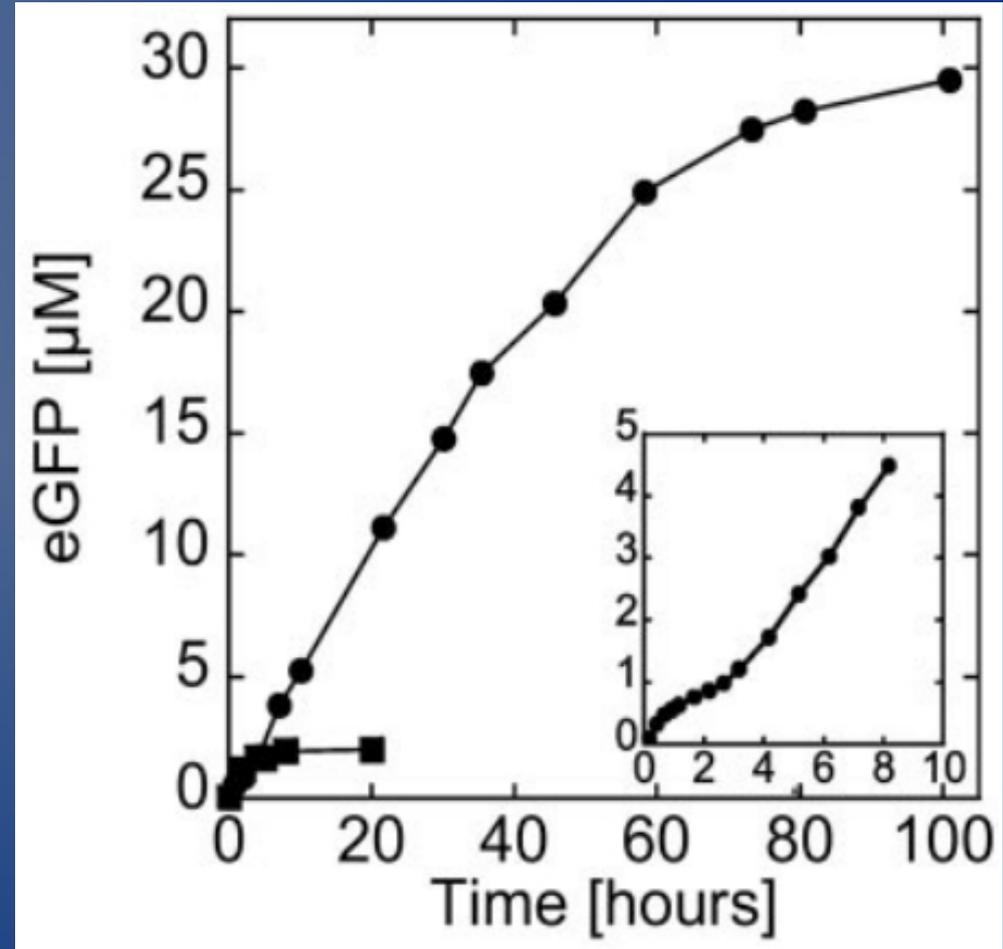
- Left, circles: fluorescein-UTP
- Right, squares: BSA-RITC
- Negative control: Firefly luciferase instead of toxin



→ Synthesized toxin is functional & amino acids and ribonucleotides can diffuse in and out while extract is kept inside.

4 Long-Lived Bioreactor

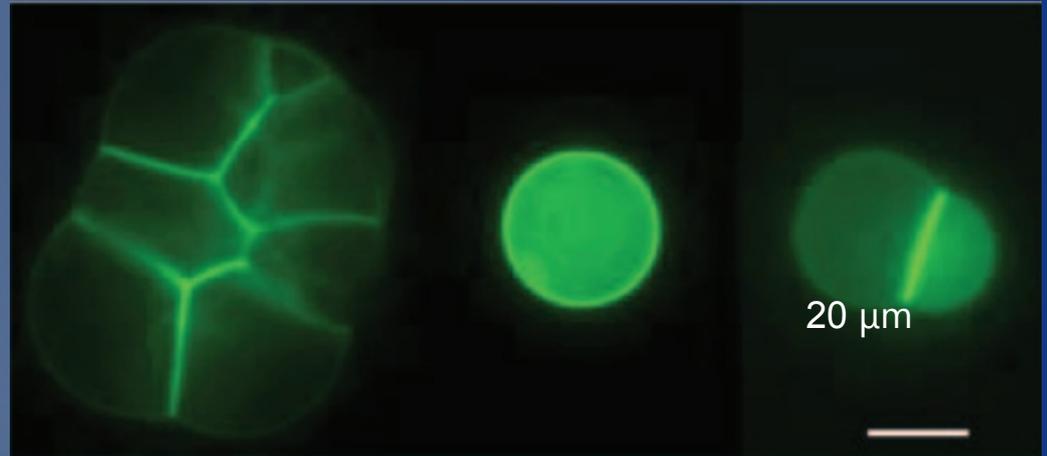
- With α -hemolysin:
Expression observed for >4 days
(circles)
- Without α -hemolysin:
Expression observed for 5h
(squares)
- Important:
Pore production must be large enough while extract can run
independently of supplementation (inset, first 2h)



4 Long-Lived Bioreactor

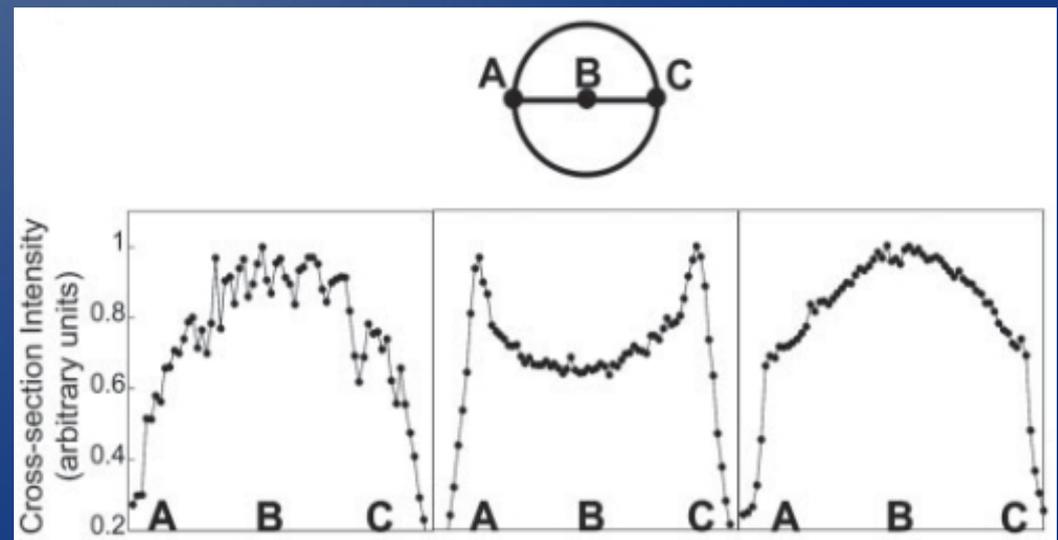
- Accumulation:

α -hemolysin fused to eGFP after 20 – 40 h inside aggregation of vesicles (left), single cell (center), doublet (right)



- Cross section:

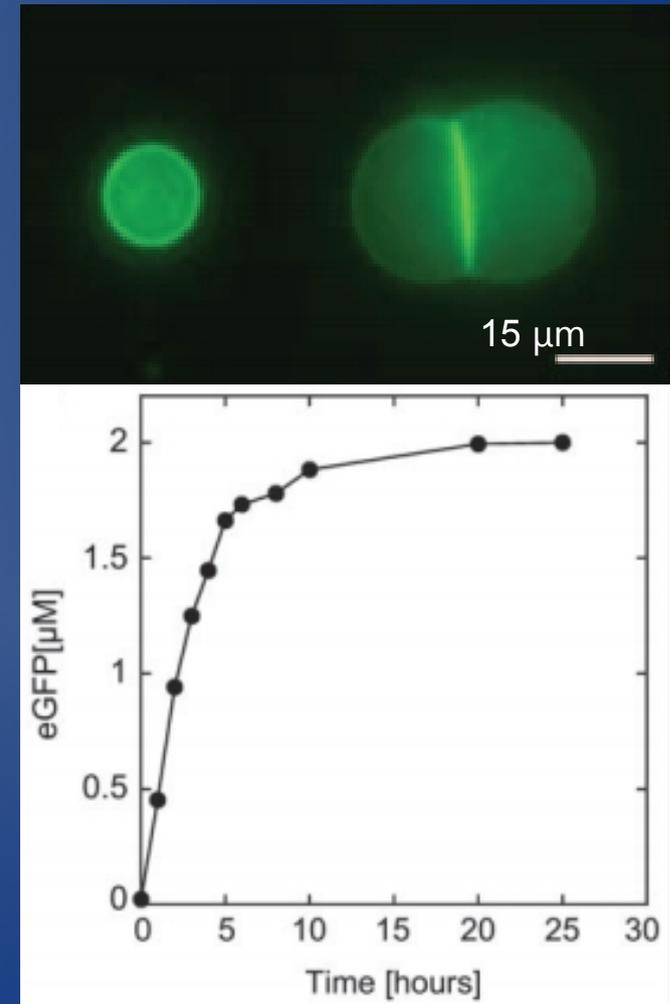
Fluorescence intensity of a single vesicle after 70 min (left), 550 min (center), 4400 min (right)



5 Anchoring of proteins

- Accumulation of the artificial peptide 18L (α -helix with a balance of hydrophilic-hydrophobic residues, spontaneously inserts itself into the membrane)
- 18L tagged with eGFP after 5h (top) and kinetics of the expression (bottom)

→ Protein successfully anchored!



6 Conclusions

- Transcription & Translation have been brought at the scale of a cell.
- Anchoring of biopolymers and motor proteins to the membrane by mechanical perturbation.
- Energy & nutrient limitations have been solved through the internal expression of a membrane pore and by exchange with environment.
- Small and enclosed laboratories.

→ Future work:

Improvement of system capacity

Engineering of elementary genome (minimal cell)

7 References

A vesicle bioreactor as a step toward an artificial cell assembly,
Vincent Noireaux and Albert Libchaber, Center for Studies in Physics
and Biology, The Rockefeller University, New York 2004