

Electroweak Symmetry Breaking in the era of LHC

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Why is EWSB so important?

- It's the only sector of the SM where we don't have direct measurements (Higgs boson)
- Indirect probes: precision tests (LEP I and II):
 $m_h \leq 300 \text{ GeV}$
- LEP bound on the Higgs mass:
 $m_h > 115 \text{ GeV}$
- Great experimental success: no hints of New Physics in this sector below 5 or 10 TeV! (LEP and Tevatron)



However...

- Only a description of EWSB (Higgs potential). Where does it come from?

$$V(H) = \lambda |H|^4 - m^2 |H|^2 \quad m \sim 100 \text{ GeV (EW scale)}$$

- Quantum instability:

loop corrections $\delta m^2 \sim g/(16 \pi^2) \Lambda_{\text{NPh}}^2$

naturalness requires $\Lambda_{\text{NPh}} \leq 1 \text{ TeV}$

- We have direct and indirect evidences of New Physics: neutrino masses, Dark Matter, Dark Energy, inflation...



The plan:

- Model Building: new mechanisms of EWSB. Spirit guides: naturalness, Dark Matter, unification...
- Implement the new ideas in fully realistic models: reproduce the SM, EW precision tests, flavor physics...
- Signals: predictions at LHC and beyond (ILC, cosmology, astrophysics,...)
- Explore the power of LHC: look for hints and directions in the data, model independent analysis, point out new interesting signatures...

 LHC is going to deliver new data very soon!



My recent publications (past year)

- *A Gauge-phobic Higgs*
G.C., C.Csáki (Cornell), G.Marandella, J.Terning (UC Davis)
to appear soon.
- *A New Custodian for a Realistic Higgsless Model*
G.C., C.Csáki (Cornell), G.Marandella, J.Terning (UC Davis)
hep-ph/0607146, submitted to Phys.Rev.D
- *Field Theory on Multi-throat Backgrounds*
G.C., C.Csáki (Cornell), C.Grojean (CERN & Saclay), J.Terning (UC Davis)
Phys.Rev.D74:045019, 2006; hep-ph/0604218
- *The Minimal Set of Electroweak Precision Parameters*
G.C., C.Csáki (Cornell), G.Marandella (UC Davis), A.Strumia (INFN & Pisa U)
Phys.Rev.D74:033011, 2006; hep-ph/0604111
- *Fully Radiative Electroweak Symmetry Breaking*
G.C., C.Csáki, S.C.Park (Cornell)
JHEP 0603:099, 2006; hep-ph/0510366



Future projects

- *Minimal Natural Supersymmetry*

w. M.Perelstein and C.Spethman (Cornell)

- *Natural Supersymmetry with a 4th generation*

w. M.Papucci (UC Berkeley)

- *One-loop T Parameter in Higgsless Models*

w. C.Csaki (Cornell), G.Marandella and J.Terning (UC Davis)

- *Collider Phenomenology of Higgsless Models*

- *Positivity of W and Little Higgs Models with T -parity*

w. C.Csaki (Cornell), G.Marandella (UC Davis) and A.Strumia (INFN & Pisa U)

EW Precision Tests

G.C., C.Csáki, G.Marandella, A.Strumia
Phys.Rev.D74:033011, 2006; hep-ph/0604111

- Large number of well-measured observables: general analysis involves more than 20 operators

$$\delta L = \sum c_i / \Lambda^2 O_i \quad \Lambda = \text{scale of NPh}$$

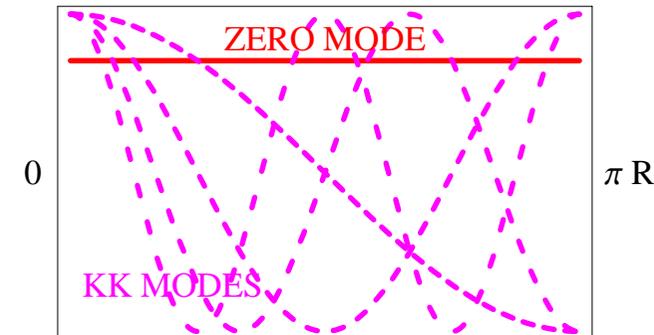
- We used a new formalism (by Barbieri *et al*) to identify 9 super-constrained parameters: 7 oblique (gauge + leptons) + 2 hadronic.
- Powerful tool to simplify the analysis of models of New Physics:
 - no strong assumptions on new physics: CP cons., and flavor;
 - few parameters to calculate;
 - easier to construct new models that pass those tests!
- We provided a complete fit to the measurements: easy to use with any model.

Gauge-Higgs Unification

G.C., C.Csáki, S.C.Park

JHEP 0603:099, 2006; hep-ph/0510366

- The idea: embed the Higgs doublet in a gauge field (A_5).
- Extra dimension: $A_M = (A_\mu, A_5)$
- Symmetry Breaking by Boundary Conditions
- Gauge symmetry + 5D Lorenz invariance constrain the Higgs potential:
 - loop generated;
 - finite and calculable (no cut-off dependence), stable!
- We proposed the first realistic (and minimal) model based on $SU(3) \times U(1)$:
 - $m_H \sim 120\text{-}150$ GeV, KK states (colored fermions – top’);
 - EWPT tests force $M_{KK} > 5$ TeV, moderate fine tuning.





Conclusions

- A lot of work is needed to exploit the potentiality of LHC!
- We are waiting for new exciting data:
 - probe new models and ideas;
 - shed light on the EWSB sector
(confirm the SM or find New Physics)