

Architectural Design Patterns for Flight Software

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Outline

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 - Selecting Patterns for FSW
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 - Capturing Software Performance in Design Pattern Templates
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Motivation for this research

- Software design patterns are best practice solutions to common software problems
 - Avoid reinventing the wheel
 - Improvement in the -ilities
- However, software design patterns can be difficult to apply in practice
 - Platform and domain independent
 - Can be applied at several different layers of abstraction
- Taking advantage of design patterns is particularly import for the flight software (FSW) domain
 - Increased FSW responsibilities has led to additional complexity and a greater number of software related anomalies.
 - "In the period from 1998 to 2000, nearly half of all observed spacecraft anomalies were related to software" [1]
 - NASA's Study on Flight Software Complexity Report examined flight software complexity and provided a series of recommendations to better manage the associated challenge.
 - This presentation aligns with their recommendation to perform early analysis and architecting [2]



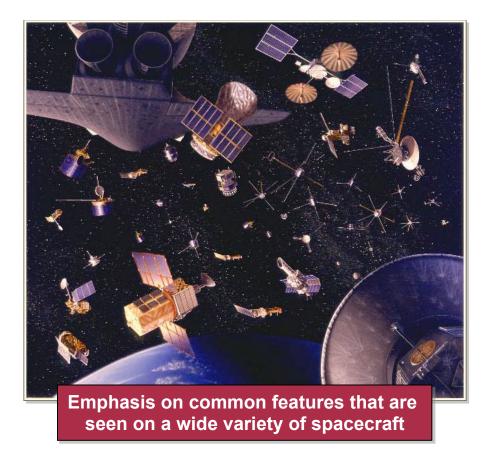
Related Works

- Several notable approaches and patterns for building real time software architectures from design patterns
 - Only provide high level guidance applying design patterns
 - Do not take the additional step of providing domain specific executable design pattern templates to make applying design patterns
- Less research in applying design patterns to the FSW domain
 - Herrmann and Schöning use abstract factory and façade design patterns for telemetry processing
 - Do not address how design patterns can be used for other FSW features
 - Several reference architectures for FSW that can be used as a starting point for FSW
 - Not design pattern based therefore they do not guarantee that the benefits of design patterns will be leveraged in the architectures produced using them
- Mission Data System (MDS) project provides a system level control architecture, framework, and systems engineering methodology for developing state-based models for planning and execution.
 - Our research complements and supports this work



Research Approach

- Systematic approach for designing common functionality in FSW architectures from software architectural design patterns
 - Select Patterns for FSW
 - Create Design Pattern Templates for FSW
 - Capture Software Performance in Design Pattern Templates
 - Build FSW from design patterns





Selecting Patterns for FSW

- Select existing design patterns from the DRE domain that support FSW functionality
 - This can be accomplished because FSW is a type of DRE software
- Emphasis on common features across the FSW domain
 - Command execution
 - Uplink/downlink telemetry
 - Others
- Example : <u>Command Execution</u> involves determining the order in which spacecraft commands are executed
 - Example patterns that can be used to support this feature
 - Centralized control
 - Single control component that conceptually executes a state machine
 - Benefits: control logic contained in single component therefore easier to maintain and understand
 - Well suited for small spacecraft
 - Hierarchical control
 - Multiple control components that control some part of the system by conceptually executing a state machine
 - Single coordinator that orchestrates overall control by determining next job and sending it to controller for executing
 - Benefits: overall control handle by single component, but several controllers to execute the work to avoid bottlenecks
 - Suited for larger spacecraft



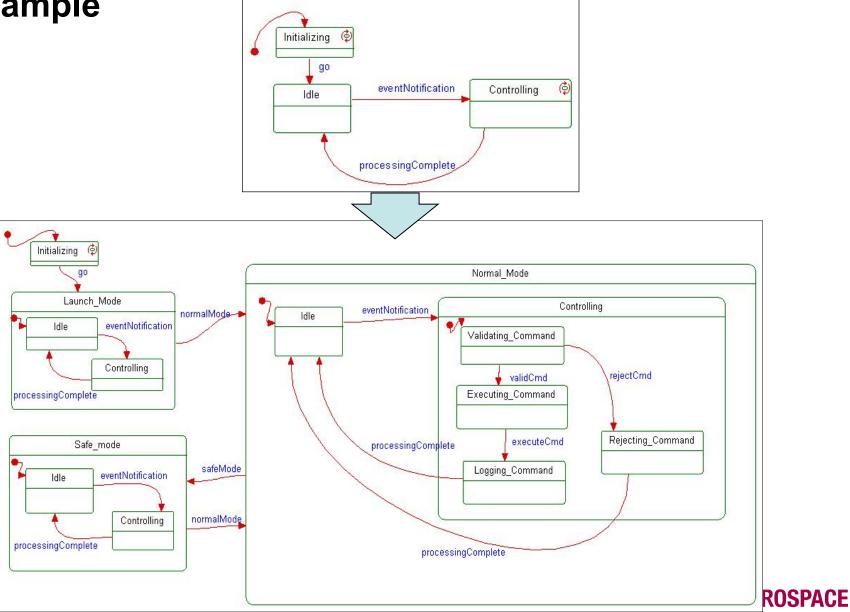
Creating Design Pattern Templates for FSW

- Create executable design pattern templates for the FSW domain
 - Makes the design patterns more directly applicable to FSW architectures
 - Provide structure for design patterns
 - Save time when instantiating the design patterns
- Executable design pattern templates
 - Captured using the UML
 - Both static and dynamic architectural views
 - State machines used to capture the internal behavior of each concurrent component in the design pattern
 - Executed using Harl's executable statechart semantics



Creating Design Pattern Templates for FSW

Example



Capturing Software Performance in Design Pattern Templates

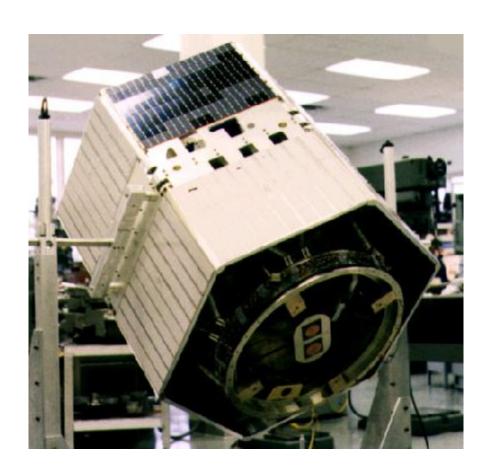
- Platform independent software performance information captured with the MARTE Profile
- MARTE annotations are used in the sequence diagrams
 - MARTE stereotypes used depending on the type of performance analysis
 - For example, if the sequence diagram lends itself to analyzing response time
 - «GaWorkloadEvent» stereotype is used to denote an event that triggers the scenario on the sequence diagram.
 - «PaStep» stereotype is used on any step that is involved in the scenario
- Contain platform independent software performance estimates
 - Captured in the tags of the MARTE stereotypes
 - Platform independent estimates are captured using comparative parameters
 - Example: 2t where t represents a platform specific multiplier relative to a benchmark
 - When the design pattern templates are applied to a specific FSW architecture, these parameters will be substituted for the platform specific values



SNOE Command and Data Handling (C&DH) Case Study

Student Nitric Oxide Explorer (SNOE)

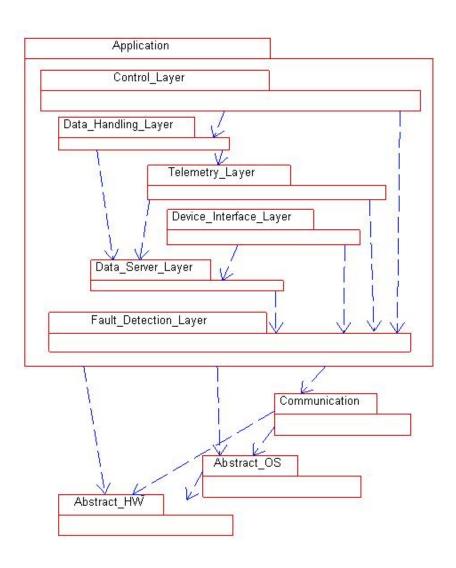
- Real world, small satellite program from NASA
- Mission involves using a spin stabilized spacecraft in a low earth orbit to measure thermospheric nitric oxide and its variability
- The spacecraft instruments
 - ultraviolet spectrometer (UVS)
 - auroral photometer (AP)
 - solar soft X-ray photometer (SXP)
 - mircoGPS Bit-Grabber Space Receiver
- All the science and engineering data collected is downlinked to the ground for processing
- The ground station is responsible for attitude determination and monitoring long term health and safety for the spacecraft and instruments
- All data and commands are formatted using Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) standards
- Thermal control is passive and is handled solely by the hardware
- Limited hardware redundancy
- One SC4A Single Board Spaceflight Computer
 - Five I/O blocks on two daughter boards that handle interfacing to all subsystems





Building SNOE C&DH from Design Patterns

- Selecting design patterns for SNOE
 - SNOE's C&DH subsystem uses 11 patterns
 - Example: Command execution
 - SNOE controls a relatively small number of hardware devices
 - Payload instruments require minimal commanding from FSW
 - Centralized Control good match!
- Executable templates are instantiated for SNOE
 - Example: Modified 5 Layer Pattern for FSW and Layers Pattern
- SNOE specific information is added to the templates
- Finally, interconnect design pattern templates with the rest of the architecture
 - Resulting software architecture can then be validated using executable statechart semantics





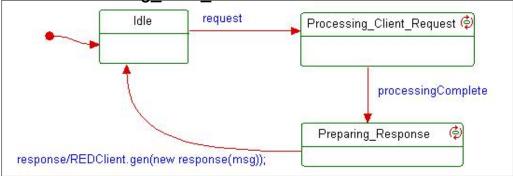
SNOE Functional Validation

- Example: Collect engineering data scenario
 - Centralized_Controller receives, validates, and determines response to a ground command to collect the spacecraft engineering data
 - Centralized_Controller sends this command to the Eng_Data_Client to execute
 - When the Eng_Data_Client receives the command it moves into the Preparing_Eng_Data_Request state
 - Prepares a request for the Eng_Data_Server to get the current engineering data

Eng_Data_Client state machine









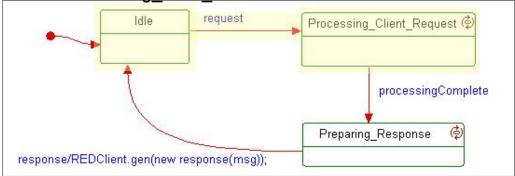
SNOE Functional Validation (cont)

- Example: Collect engineering data scenario (cont)
 - Eng_Data_Client then sends the new request message to the Eng_Data_Server through its required port called REDServer
 - Eng_Data_Client transitions back to the Idle state
 - Eng_Data_Server transitions into Processing_Client_Request state
 - Eng_Data_Server processes the request
 - Transitions to the Preparing_Response state to format a response message

Eng_Data_Client state machine





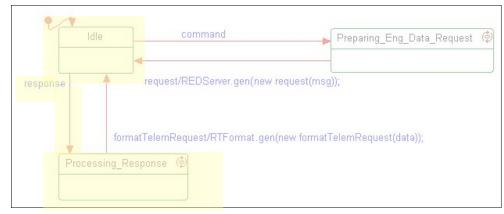


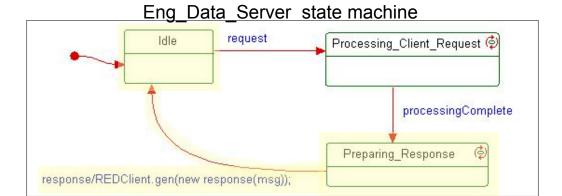


SNOE Functional Validation (cont)

- Example: Collect engineering data scenario (cont)
 - Eng_Data_Server sends the response to the Eng_Data_Client through its required ported called, REDClient
 - Eng_Data_Server transitions back to the Idle state to wait for the next request
 - Eng_Data_Client receives the response message and transitions into Processing Response State
 - Processes the response and performs checks on the data





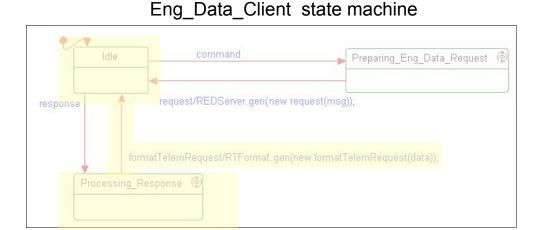




SNOE Functional Validation (cont)

- Example: Collect engineering data scenario (cont)
 - When processing is complete
 Eng_Data_Client then sends the
 data to the Telemetry_Formatter to
 format that data into telemetry
 packets for transmission through the
 required port call RTFormat
 - Eng_Data_Client returns to the Idle state

Process is repeated for other scenarios



The Collect Engineering Data scenario executed as expected therefore it is validated!



Conclusions and Future Work

Conclusions

- Presented an approach to building FSW from software architectural design patterns
 - Based on DRE software architecture patterns
 - Leverages the UML software modeling language
- Using this approach will lead to
 - Better quality software architectures
 - Reduced number of onboard anomalies related to software design flaws

Future Work

- Expand case study to include performance validation
- Apply patterns to additional case studies
- Look for ways to address feature variability in the FSW domain
- Look for areas to automated the application of the executable design pattern templates
- Expand research to other DRE domains
- Explore state machine based code generators for rapid prototyping and software performance benchmarking

