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## Butyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,2]-thiazole-2-carboxylate

Jian-Xin Yang,<sup>a</sup> Xiang-Hui Wang,<sup>b</sup> Xue-Mei Tan,<sup>a</sup> Yin Wang<sup>a</sup> and Qiang Lin<sup>c,d\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Institute of Materials and Chemical Engineering, Hainan University, Haikou 570228, People's Republic of China, <sup>b</sup>Institute of Environmental Science and Engineering, Kunming University of Science and Technology, Kunming 650093, People's Republic of China, <sup>c</sup>Hainan Provincial Fine Chemical Engineering Center, Hainan University, Haikou 570228, People's Republic of China, and <sup>d</sup>College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Hainan Normal University, Haikou 571100, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: linqianggour@163.com

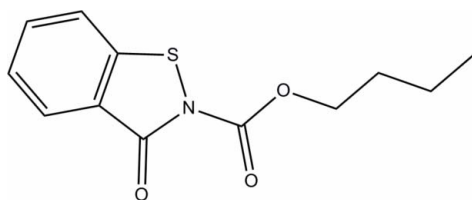
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 153$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.036;  $wR$  factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.9.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ , was synthesised by the reaction of benzo[d]isothiazol-3(2H)-one with butyl alcohol in toluene. The benzoisothiazolone ring system is almost planar with a mean deviation of 0.041 (1) Å. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak intermolecular C—H...O hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For background to the synthesis of benzoisothiazolone derivatives, see: Davis (1972); Elgazwy & Abdel-Sattar (2003). For the biological activity of 1,2-benzoisothiazolone derivatives, see: Taubert *et al.* (2002). For structural studies of related alkyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate derivatives, see: Wang *et al.* (2011a,b); Xu & Yin (2006); Cavalca *et al.* (1969).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$  $M_r = 251.29$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 11.730$  (3) Å  
 $b = 11.925$  (3) Å  
 $c = 8.443$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 95.791$  (4)°  
 $V = 1175.0$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.27$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 153$  K  
 $0.62 \times 0.36 \times 0.10$  mm

## Data collection

Rigaku AFC10/Saturn724+  
 diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.851$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.973$

9917 measured reflections  
 3092 independent reflections  
 2647 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.088$   
 $S = 1.00$   
 3092 reflections

155 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-H2\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.95	2.46	3.1610 (19)	131
$\text{C}2-H2\cdots\text{O}3^i$	0.95	2.39	3.2987 (18)	159

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PUBLICIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2366).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o3409 [ doi:10.1107/S160053681104791X ]

## Butyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*][1,2]thiazole-2-carboxylate

J.-X. Yang, X.-H. Wang, X.-M. Tan, Y. Wang and Q. Lin

### Comment

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2*H*)-ones are a class of compounds with a wide spectrum of biological activities (Davis, 1972, El-gazwy & Abdel-Sattar, 2003). 1,2-Benzisothiazolone derivatives have been reported to possess high antibacterial and antifungal activities (Taubert *et al.*, 2002). As a part of our ongoing study of the substituent effect on the solid state structures of alkyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate analogues (Wang *et al.*, 2011*a,b*), herein we report the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the title molecule (Fig. 1), the benzisothiazolone ring system is almost planar with a mean deviation of 0.041 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms and the C8–O2–C9–C11 torsion angle is -177.04 (12)°. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is stabilised by weak intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds between CH atoms of phenyl ring and the carbonyl oxygen atoms (Table 1).

### Experimental

A solution (20 mL) containing benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2*H*)-one (1.51 g, 0.01 mol) was added dropwise to a solution of butyl alcohol (0.74 g, 0.01 mol) and bis(trichloromethyl)carbonate in toluene (20 mL) under stirring on an ice-water bath. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4.5 h and refluxed for 5 h to afford the title compound (1.25 g, yield 50%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallisation of the title compound from cyclohexane at room temperature.

### Refinement

The H atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined in riding mode, with the carrier atom–H distances = 0.95 Å for aryl, 0.99 Å for methylene, 0.98 Å for the methyl. The  $U_{iso}$  values were constrained to be 1.5 $U_{eq}$  of the carrier atom for the methyl H atoms and 1.2 $U_{eq}$  for the remaining H atoms.

### Figures

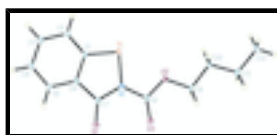


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

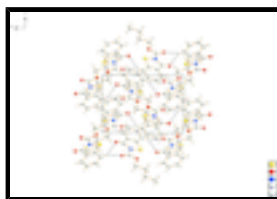


Fig. 2. A view of the C—H···O interactions (dashed lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound.

## Butyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,2]thiazole-2-carboxylate

### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{13}NO_3S$	$F(000) = 528$
$M_r = 251.29$	$D_x = 1.420 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 11.730 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3724 reflections
$b = 11.925 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.8\text{--}29.1^\circ$
$c = 8.443 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 95.791 (4)^\circ$	$T = 153 \text{ K}$
$V = 1175.0 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.62 \times 0.36 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Rigaku AFC10/Saturn724+ diffractometer	3092 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2647 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $28.5714 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
phi and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.1^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$h = -16 \rightarrow 15$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.851$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.973$	$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$
9917 measured reflections	$l = -10 \rightarrow 11$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.088$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0451P)^2 + 0.360P]$
3092 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
155 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.46675 (3)	0.51858 (3)	0.70649 (4)	0.01717 (10)
O1	0.40826 (8)	0.82060 (8)	0.83392 (12)	0.0214 (2)
O2	0.25897 (8)	0.56323 (8)	0.54771 (12)	0.0200 (2)
O3	0.24088 (9)	0.74791 (8)	0.59858 (13)	0.0257 (2)
N1	0.39346 (9)	0.64470 (9)	0.71407 (13)	0.0174 (2)
C1	0.56998 (11)	0.56720 (11)	0.85277 (15)	0.0159 (3)
C2	0.66483 (12)	0.50761 (11)	0.92167 (17)	0.0195 (3)
H2	0.6789	0.4326	0.8912	0.023*
C3	0.73755 (12)	0.56198 (12)	1.03597 (17)	0.0235 (3)
H3	0.8024	0.5230	1.0848	0.028*
C4	0.71858 (13)	0.67273 (13)	1.08206 (18)	0.0249 (3)
H4	0.7702	0.7075	1.1611	0.030*
C5	0.62513 (12)	0.73131 (12)	1.01296 (16)	0.0212 (3)
H5	0.6122	0.8068	1.0423	0.025*
C6	0.54993 (11)	0.67727 (11)	0.89886 (15)	0.0163 (3)
C7	0.44594 (11)	0.72650 (11)	0.81747 (15)	0.0165 (3)
C8	0.29136 (11)	0.66070 (11)	0.61571 (16)	0.0180 (3)
C9	0.16309 (12)	0.57154 (11)	0.42454 (17)	0.0203 (3)
H9A	0.1843	0.6183	0.3352	0.024*
H9B	0.0962	0.6062	0.4681	0.024*
C10	0.13447 (12)	0.45390 (11)	0.36782 (17)	0.0206 (3)
H10A	0.1160	0.4074	0.4590	0.025*
H10B	0.2019	0.4204	0.3242	0.025*
C11	0.03285 (13)	0.45355 (13)	0.23998 (18)	0.0257 (3)
H11A	-0.0345	0.4867	0.2844	0.031*
H11B	0.0513	0.5011	0.1498	0.031*
C12	0.00234 (15)	0.33608 (15)	0.1787 (2)	0.0366 (4)
H12A	0.0677	0.3039	0.1310	0.044*
H12B	-0.0639	0.3401	0.0983	0.044*
H12C	-0.0164	0.2887	0.2674	0.044*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.01792 (16)	0.01312 (15)	0.01945 (18)	0.00089 (11)	-0.00322 (12)	-0.00196 (12)
O1	0.0219 (5)	0.0150 (4)	0.0263 (5)	0.0014 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0037 (4)
O2	0.0185 (5)	0.0153 (5)	0.0242 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	-0.0070 (4)	-0.0002 (4)

## supplementary materials

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O3	0.0224 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0349 (6)	0.0041 (4)	-0.0082 (4)	-0.0033 (4)
N1	0.0166 (5)	0.0134 (5)	0.0212 (6)	0.0012 (4)	-0.0036 (4)	-0.0016 (4)
C1	0.0160 (6)	0.0163 (6)	0.0151 (6)	-0.0025 (5)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C2	0.0192 (7)	0.0177 (6)	0.0211 (7)	0.0019 (5)	0.0001 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C3	0.0193 (7)	0.0257 (7)	0.0240 (7)	0.0017 (5)	-0.0050 (5)	0.0014 (6)
C4	0.0226 (7)	0.0256 (7)	0.0247 (7)	-0.0031 (6)	-0.0065 (6)	-0.0022 (6)
C5	0.0221 (7)	0.0185 (6)	0.0222 (7)	-0.0019 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	-0.0032 (5)
C6	0.0168 (6)	0.0155 (6)	0.0163 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C7	0.0171 (6)	0.0154 (6)	0.0166 (6)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0005 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C8	0.0167 (6)	0.0166 (6)	0.0201 (7)	-0.0017 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C9	0.0169 (6)	0.0191 (7)	0.0232 (7)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0072 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C10	0.0183 (6)	0.0184 (6)	0.0238 (7)	-0.0032 (5)	-0.0046 (5)	0.0001 (5)
C11	0.0225 (7)	0.0278 (8)	0.0250 (7)	-0.0027 (6)	-0.0068 (6)	-0.0017 (6)
C12	0.0340 (9)	0.0348 (9)	0.0383 (9)	-0.0091 (7)	-0.0096 (7)	-0.0082 (7)

### *Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—N1	1.7368 (12)	C5—C6	1.3964 (18)
S1—C1	1.7395 (14)	C5—H5	0.9500
O1—C7	1.2192 (16)	C6—C7	1.4614 (18)
O2—C8	1.3346 (16)	C9—C10	1.5092 (19)
O2—C9	1.4561 (16)	C9—H9A	0.9900
O3—C8	1.1983 (16)	C9—H9B	0.9900
N1—C8	1.3998 (17)	C10—C11	1.5252 (19)
N1—C7	1.4086 (16)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C1—C6	1.3958 (18)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C1—C2	1.3967 (19)	C11—C12	1.523 (2)
C2—C3	1.383 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9900
C2—H2	0.9500	C11—H11B	0.9900
C3—C4	1.401 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C3—H3	0.9500	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4—C5	1.379 (2)	C12—H12C	0.9800
C4—H4	0.9500		
N1—S1—C1	89.82 (6)	O3—C8—N1	124.93 (12)
C8—O2—C9	114.44 (10)	O2—C8—N1	109.02 (11)
C8—N1—C7	124.58 (11)	O2—C9—C10	107.12 (10)
C8—N1—S1	119.55 (9)	O2—C9—H9A	110.3
C7—N1—S1	115.82 (9)	C10—C9—H9A	110.3
C6—C1—C2	120.79 (12)	O2—C9—H9B	110.3
C6—C1—S1	112.75 (10)	C10—C9—H9B	110.3
C2—C1—S1	126.47 (11)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.5
C3—C2—C1	117.48 (13)	C9—C10—C11	111.11 (12)
C3—C2—H2	121.3	C9—C10—H10A	109.4
C1—C2—H2	121.3	C11—C10—H10A	109.4
C2—C3—C4	122.12 (13)	C9—C10—H10B	109.4
C2—C3—H3	118.9	C11—C10—H10B	109.4
C4—C3—H3	118.9	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0
C5—C4—C3	120.13 (13)	C12—C11—C10	112.52 (13)
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C12—C11—H11A	109.1

C3—C4—H4	119.9	C10—C11—H11A	109.1
C4—C5—C6	118.55 (13)	C12—C11—H11B	109.1
C4—C5—H5	120.7	C10—C11—H11B	109.1
C6—C5—H5	120.7	H11A—C11—H11B	107.8
C1—C6—C5	120.93 (12)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C1—C6—C7	113.75 (12)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	125.32 (12)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
O1—C7—N1	124.56 (12)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
O1—C7—C6	127.68 (12)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	107.76 (11)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
O3—C8—O2	126.03 (12)		
C1—S1—N1—C8	-179.43 (11)	S1—N1—C7—O1	177.71 (11)
C1—S1—N1—C7	3.08 (10)	C8—N1—C7—C6	179.85 (12)
N1—S1—C1—C6	-2.42 (10)	S1—N1—C7—C6	-2.81 (14)
N1—S1—C1—C2	177.76 (13)	C1—C6—C7—O1	-179.65 (13)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.2 (2)	C5—C6—C7—O1	0.4 (2)
S1—C1—C2—C3	179.58 (11)	C1—C6—C7—N1	0.89 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (2)	C5—C6—C7—N1	-179.04 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (2)	C9—O2—C8—O3	9.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.9 (2)	C9—O2—C8—N1	-171.42 (11)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.1 (2)	C7—N1—C8—O3	5.8 (2)
S1—C1—C6—C5	-178.74 (11)	S1—N1—C8—O3	-171.40 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-178.84 (12)	C7—N1—C8—O2	-172.92 (12)
S1—C1—C6—C7	1.32 (15)	S1—N1—C8—O2	9.83 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.4 (2)	C8—O2—C9—C10	-177.04 (12)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.51 (13)	O2—C9—C10—C11	178.90 (12)
C8—N1—C7—O1	0.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	179.42 (13)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C2—H2...O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.46	3.1610 (19)	131
C2—H2...O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.39	3.2987 (18)	159

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ .

Fig. 1

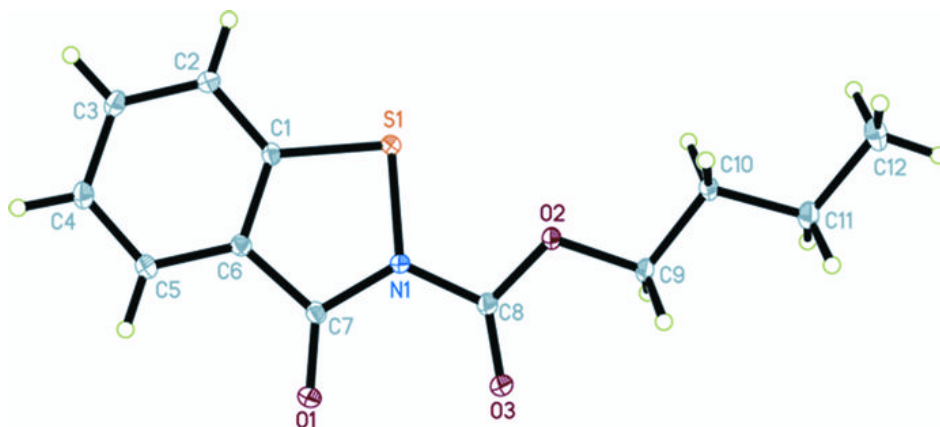




Fig. 2

